



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 28/Dec/2017

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Description:

BECKOSOL® 10-029

Other means of identification

SAP ID(s):

419 ; 428; 181099

Material Code:

10029-00

Chemical Family

Alkyd Resin

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use

Paints and Coatings

Uses advised against

No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Polynt Composites USA, Inc.
99 East Cottage Avenue
Carpentersville IL 60110

In Canada

Polynt Composites Canada Inc
29 Regan Road
Brampton, Ontario
L7A 1B2

Emergency Telephone

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (in U.S. & Canada)
+1-703-741-5970 (international)

E-mail address

MSDS@polynt.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Category 2

Flammable liquids

Category 3

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Suspected of causing cancer

Causes damage to the central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Flammable liquid and vapor

**Appearance** Clear Amber**Physical State** Liquid**Odor** Mild Petroleum**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
 Use personal protective equipment as required
 Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray
 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
 Keep container tightly closed
 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment
 Use only non-sparking tools
 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
 Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
 In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant
 Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin
 Causes mild skin irritation

Unknown acute toxicity
 Unknown aquatic toxicity

71.4 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
 72.5 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	Trade Secret
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	26 - 28	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.3	

If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Move individual away from exposure. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Inhalation	Move victim to fresh air. Keep warm and quiet. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. This material may enter the lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Most Important Symptoms and Effects	Irritating to eyes and skin. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause central nervous system depression and narcosis.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically.
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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Dry chemical, Water spray

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products	Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
Combustion/explosion hazards	Combustible liquid. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. When driers such as cobalt naphthanate are added, air oxidation of the resin or materials contaminated with the resin may cause it to spontaneously combust. To avoid spontaneous combustion: (1) prevent residue build-up and (2) soak soiled rags, spray-booth filters and over-spray waste in a closed water-filled metal container. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all persons from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this combustible liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent spilled material from 1) contaminating soil, 2) entering sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and drainage systems, and 3) entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Methods for Clean-up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits

Stoddard Solvent (CAS #: 8052-41-3)

ACGIH TLV	100 ppm TWA
OSHA PEL	500 ppm TWA
	2900 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - Alberta OELs	100 ppm TWA
	572 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - Ontario OELs	525 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - British Columbia OELs	290 mg/m ³ TWA
	580 mg/m ³ STEL
NIOSH IDLH	20000 mg/m ³
Mexico OEL	200 ppm STEL
	1050 mg/m ³ STEL
	100 ppm TWA
	523 mg/m ³ TWA

Xylene (CAS #: 1330-20-7)

ACGIH TLV	100 ppm TWA
	150 ppm STEL
	A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA

Canada - Alberta OELs	435 mg/m ³ TWA 150 ppm STEL 651 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA
Canada - Ontario OELs	434 mg/m ³ TWA 100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL
Canada - British Columbia OELs	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL
Mexico OEL	150 ppm STEL 655 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA
Ethylbenzene (CAS #: 100-41-4)	
ACGIH TLV	20 ppm TWA A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - Alberta OELs	125 ppm STEL 543 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 434 mg/m ³ TWA
Canada - Ontario OELs	100 ppm TWA 125 ppm STEL
Canada - British Columbia OELs	20 ppm TWA
NIOSH IDLH	800 ppm
Mexico OEL	125 ppm STEL 545 mg/m ³ STEL 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TLV® (Threshold Limit Value)

TWA (time-weighted average)

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Appropriate engineering controls**Engineering Controls**

Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face Protection**

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur. Tight sealing safety goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin Protection

Gloves made of Viton®. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. Chemical resistant apron. Boots.

Respiratory Protection

None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency

escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Clear Amber
Odor	Mild Petroleum
Odor threshold	20 ppm (Xylene)
Physical State	Liquid
pH	Not applicable
Flash point	45 °C / 113 °F
Flash Point Method:	Seta closed cup
Autoignition Temperature	500°F - 980°F / 260°C - 527°C
Boiling point / boiling range	279°F - 388°F / 137°C - 198°C
Melting point / freezing point	No information available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower	0.8%
Upper	6.6%
Specific Gravity	0.934 - 0.958 @ 25°C
Solubility	Insoluble (Water)
Evaporation rate	0.18 - 0.86 (BuAc = 1)
Vapor Pressure	2.03 - 9 mmHg @ 68°F/20°C
Vapor density	3.66 - 4.9 (Air = 1)
Explosive properties	No information available
Oxidizing Properties	No information available
Percent Volatile	29 - 31 % by weight
VOC Content	2284 g/l (calculated) product as supplied
Viscosity	36.2 - 63.4 Stokes @ 25°C
Partition coefficient	No information available
Decomposition temperature	No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Contamination.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Primary Routes of Entry Skin Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin absorption

Acute toxicity**Stoddard Solvent**

Oral LD50 > 15000 mg/kg (rat)
 Dermal LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (rabbit)

Xylene

Oral LD50 = 4300 mg/kg (Rat)
 = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)
 Dermal LD50 > 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)
 > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Ethylbenzene

Oral LD50 = 3500 mg/kg (Rat)
 = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)
 Dermal LD50 = 15354 mg/kg (Rabbit)
 > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Information on toxicological effects**Symptoms**

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Eyes**

Mild eye irritation.

Skin

Mild skin irritant. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Can be absorbed through skin.

Inhalation

Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause central nervous system depression and narcosis.

Ingestion

Ingestion (swallowing) may irritate the mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion is not an anticipated route of exposure for this material in industrial use.

Irritation

Irritating to eyes and skin.

Corrosivity

Not corrosive.

Sensitization

No sensitization responses were observed.

Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated overexposure to xylene via the inhalation route, has caused a hearing loss in laboratory animals.

Mutagenic effects

No information available.

Carcinogenicity

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Xylene

ACGIH

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Ethylbenzene

ACGIH

IARC

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Legend

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Reproductive Toxicity

No information available.

Developmental Toxicity

High exposures to xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. These effects were often at levels toxic to the mother. The significance of these findings to humans has not been determined. Ethyl Benzene has been shown to be fetotoxic in laboratory animals at maternally toxic levels.

Neurological effects

No information available.

STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Target organ effects	Central nervous system (CNS), Kidney, Liver, Lungs.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Unknown acute toxicity	71.4 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.
The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .	
ATEmix (oral)	5017 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	2976 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	288 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Xylene

Partition coefficient	2.77 - 3.15
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	0.6 - 15
Algae	EC50 = 11 mg/L (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) (72h)
Fish	LC50 = 13.4 mg/L (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) (96 h) flow-through
	LC50 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) (96 h)
	LC50 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) (96 h) flow-through
	LC50 = 19 mg/L (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) (96 h)
	LC50 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 = 780 mg/L (<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>) (96 h) semi-static
	LC50 > 780 mg/L (<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>) (96 h)
	LC50 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L (<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>) (96 h) static
Crustacea	EC50 = 3.82 mg/L 48 h
	LC50 = 0.6 mg/L 48 h

Ethylbenzene

Partition coefficient	3.118
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	15 fish
Algae	EC50 = 4.6 mg/L (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) (72h)
	EC50 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) (72h)
	EC50 = 11 mg/L (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) (72h)
	LC50 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 = 4.2 mg/L (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>) (96 h) semi-static
	LC50 7.55 - 11 mg/L (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) (96 h) flow-through
	LC50 = 32 mg/L (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) (96 h) static
	LC50 = 9.6 mg/L (<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>) (96 h) static
	EC50 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 48 h
Crustacea	

Unknown aquatic toxicity

72.5 % of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal Considerations	Hazardous waste. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.
US EPA Waste Number	D001 (IGNITABLE): When discarded in its purchased form, this material would be regulated under 40 CFR 261.21 as EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001 based on the characteristic of ignitability.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no.	UN1866
Proper shipping name	HOT RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
NAERG:	127
DOT Exemption:	This material has a flash point at or above 38°C and may be re-classed as a combustible liquid. A combustible liquid in a non-bulk package (<119 gallons) is exempt from the Hazardous Material Regulations unless shipped by vessel or aircraft. Reference 49 CFR 173.150(f). The transport information may vary with the container and mode of transport.

TDG

UN/ID no.	UN3256
Proper shipping name	ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Technical Name:	STODDARD SOLVENT
	XYLENE
Hazard Class	CLASS 3
Packing Group	PG III
NAERG:	128
TDG Exemption:	This material has a flash point above 37.8°C and is exempt from the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) regulations when packaged in a small means of containment (less than or equal to 450 liters) and shipped within Canada. Reference TDG Section 1.33. The transport information may vary with the container and mode of transport

MEX

UN/ID no.	UN1866
Proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	CLASS 3
Packing Group	PG III
NAERG:	127

IATA

UN/ID no.	UN1866
Proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	III
Packing Instructions	355; 366
NAERG:	127

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no.	UN1866
Proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION
Hazard Class	CLASS 3
Packing Group	PG III
EmS-No	F-E, S-E

NAERG: 127

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**International Inventories**

TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.
Canadian Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)
Australian Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korean Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical Substances List
Philippine Inventory:	All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
Japan ENCS:	This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances
Chinese IECS:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
New Zealand Inventory:	All components of this material are listed on or are exempt from the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations**TSCA 12(b) - Export Notification:**

This material does not contain any components that are subject to the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification requirements.

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 Status
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	Listed
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.3	Listed

EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following listed substances:

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Xylene 1330-20-7	100 lb			Listed
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	Listed	Listed	Listed

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	HAPS data
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 2	Listed
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.2 - 0.3	Listed

CERCLA

This product contains the following reportable quantities:

Chemical Name	40 CFR 302.4 RQ	40 CFR 355 EHS TPQs
Xylene	100 lb 45.4 kg	
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb 454 kg	

Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

This product does not contain any listed substances.

State Regulations**California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This material contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. The California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 requires that clear and reasonable warning be given prior to exposing any person to this chemical.

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health 2 Flammability 2 Instability 0

Prepared By Polynt Regulatory Department

Revision Date 28/Dec/2017

Revision Note None

Former date New

This information is provided in good faith and is correct to the best of Polynt's knowledge as of the date hereof and is designed to assist our customers; however, Polynt makes no representation as to its completeness or accuracy. Our products are intended for sale to industrial and commercial customers. We require customers to inspect and test our products before use and to satisfy themselves as to suitability for their specific applications. Any use which Polynt customers or third parties make of this information, or any reliance on, or decisions made based upon it, are the responsibility of such customer or third party. Polynt disclaims responsibility for damages, or liability, of any kind resulting from the use of this information. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THIS INFORMATION OR TO THE PRODUCT IT DESCRIBES. IN NO EVENT SHALL POLYNT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

End of Safety Data Sheet

